

BLOOD SHED IN FRANKFURT AS TROOPS FIGHT WORKERS; SOUTH GERMAN IN ARMS AGAINST REVOLUTIONISTS AS GREAT STRIKE SPREADS

Buying Made Easy at
Stores Advertising Today.

GAS RATE INCREASE FACES CONSUMERS

High Cost of Fuel Oil Assigned
As Reason by Director
Trafford.

WATER, TOO, MAY COST MORE

Department Shows Deficit, Ac-
cording to Mayor's Budget.
Due to Undercharging.

An increase in the gas rate here of
at least 20 cents per 1,000 cubic feet,
will be necessary within the next nine-
ty days if the City Gas Works is to
continue operation, according to a dis-
patch, according to a statement made by
W. W. Trafford, Director of Public Utili-
ties, yesterday.

"Fuel oil has increased in price from
24 cents per gallon to 12 cents flat
within the past thirty days," Mr. Trafford
stated yesterday, in commenting
on the present gas situation.

"With this increase, which totals
about 100 per cent, making us in the
red, it looks as though immediate ac-
tion of some sort must be taken to con-
tinue successful operation."

Mr. Trafford also stated that the
purchase of oil for the Gas Works has
become a problem. Purchases of oil
are being made in quantities of less
than 100,000 gallons, or less than
enough to do the Gas Works two weeks
work. Trafford took a decidedly pes-
simistic view in commenting on the
probability of the city being able to
pay for long at even 12 cents a gallon.

Price Increases Unprecedented.
Increases in the price of fuel oils
within the past few days are said to
be unprecedented, and the demand
is increasing with the increase in
the number of automobiles used in the
city.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

It is pointed out that the price of oil at City
is seriously considering the
possibility of producing practically the
same amount of gas as was produced by
the old gas works. This is a
large amount of money, but it is pointed
out that the city is not in a position
to pay for the gas at the old rate.

Announce Plans for Saving Money on Meat

[By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Weeks
in which the Department of Agri-
culture will initiate a plan to "save
money on meat" in the various
groups of States were announced
today.

Retail dealers will carry unusual
stocks of the cheaper cuts of meat,
which customers are urged to buy.
The schedule includes April 5, Dis-
trict of Columbia, Maryland, Vir-
ginia, Kentucky, South Carolina,
Florida, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana,
Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, Louisi-
ana and Missouri.

If the customers would buy these
cheaper but "highly nutritious and
palatable" cuts during these weeks,
the department's statement said,
"the saving effected will be tre-
mendous, and the slackened demand
for cuts now popular will result
in lower prices thereafter."

It is added that the popular cuts were fre-
quently 50 to 60 cents a pound
higher than the cheaper market.

1,500 HOMELESS WHEN FIRE SWEEPS TEXAS CITY

Grandview Is Victim of Conflagra-
tion Which Has Wiped Out Busi-
ness and Residential Sections.

DAMAGE MORE THAN \$2,000,000

Three Firemen Critically Injured
When Fighting Flames Which,
Still Raging, Threaten Lives and
Property in Nearby Towns.

[By Associated Press.]

PORT WORTH, TEXAS, March 14.—
Damage estimated at more than \$2-
000,000 has been caused, and more than
1,500 persons have been made home-
less, by fire which is sweeping Grand-
view, near here. The business and
residential sections of the town have
been virtually wiped out, according
to the reports reaching here. Three
men were reported injured when a
building collapsed, and were rescued
by a chain of firemen. The fire
started at 9 o'clock and was
still raging at 9 o'clock.

Indications were that the fire was
spreading rapidly, and that the
residential buildings in the residential
section would be destroyed. Fire de-
partments from Fort Worth, Dallas,
Alvarado responded to a call for aid,
but the water in the town's standpipe
soon gave out, and no dynamite could
be obtained. After that the firemen
were unable to do anything except
contain the fire.

Automobiles, trucks, wagons and
other vehicles were pressed into ser-
vice to carry the homeless to Alva-
rado and Texas. Merchants valued
at hundreds of thousands of dollars
were piled in the streets, but was
severely damaged by fire and smoke.

In shape of a V the fire swept
through the city, destroying more than
200 homes in the residential section.
When the flames reached Main Street,
hopes were held that the business sec-
tion could be saved, as the wind was
blowing from the west. However, the
fire was swept into the business sec-
tion, engulfing every building in
its path.

The wind is blowing with such ve-
locity that burning brands were car-
ried for miles. A farm house three
miles from Grandview caught on fire
from such a brand and was destroyed.
The fire is still raging at the extreme
Southern end of the town and, fanned
by the heavy wind, by 9 o'clock it had
burned to a cinder the Methodist
church, approximately 200 residences
and seventy business buildings.

Johnston County, near the Hill County line,
thirty-six miles southeast of Port
Worth, has a population of about 2,000.
The fire is still raging at the extreme
Southern end of the town and, fanned
by the heavy wind, by 9 o'clock it had
burned to a cinder the Methodist
church, approximately 200 residences
and seventy business buildings.

CAUSE OF CANCER IS DISCOVERED BY FRENCH PHYSICIAN

Professor Champy Worked
Out New Theory on Carcinoma's
Investigation.

[By Associated Press.]

PARIS, March 14.—Cancer is not due
to a microbe, but to a disturbance of
the function of the organs of the
human body. This discovery has been
announced by Professor Champy, of
the Sorbonne, after a series of experi-
ments based on Dr. Carrel's early
investigations of the multiplica-
tion of cancer cells when detached
from the body.

Professor Champy managed to obtain
a cancerous growth from a be-
nign tumor kept alive in a serum and
others from healthy tissue, thus es-
tablishing the theory that cancer is
actually originated by the physical
organism itself as a result of distur-
bance of functional equilibrium.

FOCH LEAVES TO CONFER WITH ALLIED GENERALS

Marshal Has Absolute Confidence in
the Situation, Report

[By Associated Press.]

PARIS, March 14.—Marshal Foch
left for London tonight to partici-
pate in a conference with the
generals, says the Matin, which as-
serts the Marshal "shows absolute con-
fidence in the situation."

ENTENTE MAY RECOGNIZE THE NEW GOVERNMENT

Semi-official Statement at Allied Head-
quarters States Berlin Will
Adhere to Treaty.

EX-CROWN PRINCE TO FLY TO GERMANY

Dutch Soldiers Guard Airship
and Zeppelin Ready to Carry
Frederich to Berlin.

[By Universal Service.]

BERLIN, March 14.—The new
German revolutionary government,
in a radio message "to the world,"
announces that it plans to fight
the revolution to a conclusion.

General Baron von Luitwitz,
revolutionary military dictator, in a
proclamation issued today, says:
"I have 70,000 troops at my disposal
in Doberitz and Berlin. We want
more than the 100,000 men permit-
ted by the entente and if conditions
are granted, we shall fight."

The Dutch government's secret
agents, who were closely watching
this aircraft and their crews, im-
mediately reported this and a few
minutes later a Dutch officer, with a
detachment of soldiers, arrived on the
scene, and forbade any move on the
part of the Zeppelin and aircraft.

Guards were stationed to see that the
order is obeyed. It is understood that
the ex-Kaiser will be taken to the
aircraft were to make an attempt to
transport the ex-crown prince to
Berlin.

These facts are not taken here as
contradicting the government's denials
of participation by the Hohenzollerns
in the revolution. The government is
aiming to get Friedrich Wilhelm
out of the country, and the latest in-
formation here that even the most loyal
Kaiserists have given up all hopes of
restoring the crown to the throne.

Strong military detachments were
ordered to Amerongen last night, and
Benckise, where the former crown
prince is believed to be hiding.

An armed camp, every conceivable ap-
proach swarming with soldiers,
was established here tonight, and the
ex-crown prince is greatly excited
over the news from Berlin and is con-
sidering the possibility of leaving Ger-
many.

Former Crown Prince Is
Greatly Excited by News
Motors into the Village Several Times
to Hear of Latest from Berlin.

[By Associated Press.]

WIEN, HOLLAND, March 14.—
Former Crown Prince Friedrich Wil-
helm on hearing of the counter-revo-
lution in Germany became very
much excited. The motor several
times into the village in an endeavor
to learn if Burgomaster Perchom had
late news from Berlin.

With the evening hours today
arrived a bosom friend of the former
crown prince, Friedrich Zobelitz, who
stayed here on his way to Berlin. He
told the prince that the latest in-
formation from Berlin was that the
former crown prince was being held
in the village in an endeavor to
learn if Burgomaster Perchom had
late news from Berlin.

Indeed, the feeling is growing here
that only one element is unequivocally
opposed to the revolution, and that is
the Spartacist element.

Rumors of collusion between the old
and the new regime, and that the
deposed Chancellor, Gustav Bauer,
on the charge of high treason.

Mysteriously, the whereabouts of
the former crown prince is being
kept secret. The prince is being
held in the village in an endeavor
to learn if Burgomaster Perchom
had late news from Berlin.

On Tuesday, the former Emperor
completed the saving of his sixteen
thousand troops and then, in celebra-
tion of the event, members
of the household and local authorities
of Amerongen have been in poor health
recently and has kept to her apart-
ment closely.

Handed over by Commander After
Shots Had Been Exchanged With
Dutch Workmen.

[By Associated Press.]

LONDON, March 14.—A dispatch to
the Exchange Telegraph Company
from Hamburg dated Saturday states
it is reported from Kiel that the naval
commander there has handed over the
German fleet to the new Berlin govern-
ment.

Shots were exchanged between the
torpedo boats in the harbor and work-
men in the naval dockyard at Kiel
Saturday afternoon, says a dispatch
to the Central News agency from
Borlange. The Kiel correspondent
confirms the surrender of the Ger-
man fleet, and says that the British
representatives definitely ad-
opted those in the gas and water plants.

New German Government Proclaims War to the Death on Bolshevism

[By Universal Service.]

(Special Radio Dispatch to The
Times-Dispatch.)

BERLIN, March 14.—The new
German revolutionary government,
in a radio message "to the world,"
announces that it plans to fight
the revolution to a conclusion.

General Baron von Luitwitz,
revolutionary military dictator, in a
proclamation issued today, says:
"I have 70,000 troops at my disposal
in Doberitz and Berlin. We want
more than the 100,000 men permit-
ted by the entente and if conditions
are granted, we shall fight."

The Dutch government's secret
agents, who were closely watching
this aircraft and their crews, im-
mediately reported this and a few
minutes later a Dutch officer, with a
detachment of soldiers, arrived on the
scene, and forbade any move on the
part of the Zeppelin and aircraft.

Guards were stationed to see that the
order is obeyed. It is understood that
the ex-Kaiser will be taken to the
aircraft were to make an attempt to
transport the ex-crown prince to
Berlin.

These facts are not taken here as
contradicting the government's denials
of participation by the Hohenzollerns
in the revolution. The government is
aiming to get Friedrich Wilhelm
out of the country, and the latest in-
formation here that even the most loyal
Kaiserists have given up all hopes of
restoring the crown to the throne.

Strong military detachments were
ordered to Amerongen last night, and
Benckise, where the former crown
prince is believed to be hiding.

An armed camp, every conceivable ap-
proach swarming with soldiers,
was established here tonight, and the
ex-crown prince is greatly excited
over the news from Berlin and is con-
sidering the possibility of leaving Ger-
many.

Former Crown Prince Is
Greatly Excited by News
Motors into the Village Several Times
to Hear of Latest from Berlin.

[By Associated Press.]

WIEN, HOLLAND, March 14.—
Former Crown Prince Friedrich Wil-
helm on hearing of the counter-revo-
lution in Germany became very
much excited. The motor several
times into the village in an endeavor
to learn if Burgomaster Perchom had
late news from Berlin.

With the evening hours today
arrived a bosom friend of the former
crown prince, Friedrich Zobelitz, who
stayed here on his way to Berlin. He
told the prince that the latest in-
formation from Berlin was that the
former crown prince was being held
in the village in an endeavor to
learn if Burgomaster Perchom
had late news from Berlin.

Indeed, the feeling is growing here
that only one element is unequivocally
opposed to the revolution, and that is
the Spartacist element.

Rumors of collusion between the old
and the new regime, and that the
deposed Chancellor, Gustav Bauer,
on the charge of high treason.

Mysteriously, the whereabouts of
the former crown prince is being
kept secret. The prince is being
held in the village in an endeavor
to learn if Burgomaster Perchom
had late news from Berlin.

On Tuesday, the former Emperor
completed the saving of his sixteen
thousand troops and then, in celebra-
tion of the event, members
of the household and local authorities
of Amerongen have been in poor health
recently and has kept to her apart-
ment closely.

Handed over by Commander After
Shots Had Been Exchanged With
Dutch Workmen.

[By Associated Press.]

LONDON, March 14.—A dispatch to
the Exchange Telegraph Company
from Hamburg dated Saturday states
it is reported from Kiel that the naval
commander there has handed over the
German fleet to the new Berlin govern-
ment.

Shots were exchanged between the
torpedo boats in the harbor and work-
men in the naval dockyard at Kiel
Saturday afternoon, says a dispatch
to the Central News agency from
Borlange. The Kiel correspondent
confirms the surrender of the Ger-
man fleet, and says that the British
representatives definitely ad-
opted those in the gas and water plants.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN GERMAN CITIES

15 Killed and Hundreds Wounded
in Clash of Workmen and
Troops in Frankfurt.

[By Associated Press.]

BERLIN, March 14.—Sanguinary en-
counters between workmen and troops
have occurred in Frankfurt.

During the fighting fifteen persons
were killed and hundreds wounded,
according to reports.

The police were compelled to leave
the town in consequence of the mob
seizing an arms depot, which they
seized.

The Junker Militia later attacked the
baracks where Noske's troops are
quartered, but were repulsed. The
Noske forces declared they would re-
main faithful to Ebert. Strikers are
demonstrating in the streets of Frank-
furt.

Fighting in Dusseldorf.
There also has been considerable
fighting between adherents of the old
and new regime at Dusseldorf.

A detachment from Weimar says an
attack, lasting several hours, was
made Saturday night with rifles and
hand grenades on the general post-
office occupied by the public security
guard. The building and a number of
private houses were damaged, but the
post-office remained in the hands of
the security guard.

In Southern Germany the govern-
ments are reported to be combining
to oppose the revolution. A general
strike has been called for Monday in
Breslau, Magdeburg, Nuremberg and
Frankfurt.

Wurttemberg and Saxony
have refused to acknowledge the new
Berlin government. The troops of
Saxony, however, have declared their
fidelity to the new government.

According to private reports, Kon-
stantin Fehrenbach, president of the
National Assembly, has arrived in
Stuttgart and has called a meeting of
the National Assembly there for Tues-
day.

In his appeal for a general strike,
Gustav Bauer, Chancellor in the
Ebert Cabinet, said:

"This is the sole weapon at the dis-
posal of the workers for twisting the
national revolution into a counter-revo-
lution. The conviction has prevailed
from the start among men not identified
with the present revolution that it will
be short-lived, as it is outwardly with-
out the support of the conservatives
or the reactionary leaders, and it is
in the hands of a few men, who are
being led by a few men."

The most immediate danger is recog-
nized as the general strike through-
out Germany, which has been pro-
claimed in many of the principal
cities, including Berlin. In the mean-
time, the old regime is endeavoring
to organize a counter-revolution, and
its nerve, and seems to have very
real support from the Federal States.

SCHLESWIG VOTE SEEMS TO FAVOR GERMAN RULE

Unofficial Returns From Plebiscite
Show Majority in Favor of
Remaining on Pre-War Status.

[By Associated Press.]

COPENHAGEN, March 15.—Unofficial
figures of the plebiscite in Schleswig
zone up to midnight show an
overwhelming majority for Ger-
many. The Schleswig zone has thus
far been recorded in any district by
German majorities are three or four
to one.

SOCIALISTS WARNED BY AMERICAN GENERAL NOT TO HAMPER TROOPS

Says Must Not Interfere With
U. S. Army and Forbids
Demonstration.

[By Associated Press.]

COBLENZ, March 14.—The American
commander today informed the So-
cialist leaders that no general at-
tempting to interfere with the function of
the army and no demonstration will be
permitted in the city Monday. The
leaders were informed that they
could not control their followers.
The American army would do so.

The Independent and Majority So-
cialists expect to hold a meeting Sun-
day afternoon to decide upon amal-
gamating with the Socialists of Cob-
lenz in support of a twenty-four-hour
general strike Monday.

It became known today that the
railway men in the Rhineland had de-
cided to join a general strike called
for Monday in sympathy with the old
government, notwithstanding strict
orders of the allied military com-
mander against strikes which inter-
fere with the functions of occupation.

Senate Loyal to Ebert.
COPENHAGEN, March 14.—The
Danish Senate has passed a con-
fession to that issued by the su-
perior garrison office at Altona Sat-
urday in announcing the advent of the
new government.

Breslau for the Revolution.
[By Associated Press.]

BERLIN, March 14.—Breslau has
adhered to the new government. About
thirty persons, including Ober-Pres-
ident Philipp, have been arrested.
Lieutenant-General Count Schmettow
has assumed military command. Several
newspapers have been suspended pub-
lication.

HEAVY FIGHTING IN GERMAN CITIES

15 Killed and Hundreds Wounded
in Clash of Workmen and
Troops in Frankfurt.

[By Associated Press.]

BERLIN, March 14.—Sanguinary en-
counters between workmen and troops
have occurred in Frankfurt.

During the fighting fifteen persons
were killed and hundreds wounded,
according to reports.

The police were compelled to leave
the town in consequence of the mob
seizing an arms depot, which they
seized.

The Junker Militia later attacked the
baracks where Noske's troops are
quartered, but were repulsed. The
Noske forces declared they would re-
main faithful to Ebert. Strikers are
demonstrating in the streets of Frank-
furt.

Fighting in Dusseldorf.
There also has been considerable
fighting between adherents of the old
and new regime at Dusseldorf.

A detachment from Weimar says an
attack, lasting several hours, was
made Saturday night with rifles and
hand grenades on the general post-
office occupied by the public security
guard. The building and a number of
private houses were damaged, but the
post-office remained in the hands of
the security guard.

In Southern Germany the govern-
ments are reported to be combining
to oppose the revolution. A general
strike has been called for Monday in
Breslau, Magdeburg, Nuremberg and
Frankfurt.

Wurttemberg and Saxony
have refused to acknowledge the new
Berlin government. The troops of
Saxony, however, have declared their
fidelity to the new government.

According to private reports, Kon-
stantin Fehrenbach, president of the
National Assembly, has arrived in
Stuttgart and has called a meeting of
the National Assembly there for Tues-
day.

In his appeal for a general strike,
Gustav Bauer, Chancellor in the
Ebert Cabinet, said:

"This is the sole weapon at the dis-
posal of the workers for twisting the
national revolution into a counter-revo-
lution. The conviction has prevailed
from the start among men not identified
with the present revolution that it will
be short-lived, as it is outwardly with-
out the support of the conservatives
or the reactionary leaders, and it is
in the hands of a few men, who are
being led by a few men."

The most immediate danger is recog-
nized as the general strike through-
out Germany, which has been pro-
claimed in many of the principal
cities, including Berlin. In the mean-
time, the old regime is endeavoring
to organize a counter-revolution, and
its nerve, and seems to have very
real support from the Federal States.

SCHLESWIG VOTE SEEMS TO FAVOR GERMAN RULE

Unofficial Returns From Plebiscite
Show Majority in Favor of
Remaining on Pre-War Status.

[By Associated Press.]

COPENHAGEN, March 15.—Unofficial
figures of the plebiscite in Schleswig
zone up to midnight show an
overwhelming majority for Ger-
many. The Schleswig zone has thus
far been recorded in any district by
German majorities are three or four
to one.

SOCIALISTS WARNED BY AMERICAN GENERAL NOT TO HAMPER TROOPS

Says Must Not Interfere With
U. S. Army and Forbids
Demonstration.

[By Associated Press.]

COBLENZ, March 14.—The American
commander today informed the So-
cialist leaders that no general at-
tempting to interfere with the function of
the army and no demonstration will be
permitted in the city Monday. The
leaders were informed that they
could not control their followers.
The American army would do so.

The Independent and Majority So-
cialists expect to hold a meeting Sun-
day afternoon to decide upon amal-
gamating with the Socialists of Cob-
lenz in support of a twenty-four-hour
general strike Monday.

It became known today that the
railway men in the Rhineland had de-
cided to join a general strike called
for Monday in sympathy with the old
government, notwithstanding strict
orders of the allied military com-
mander against strikes which inter-
fere with the functions of occupation.

Senate Loyal to Ebert.
COPENHAGEN, March 14.—The
Danish Senate has passed a con-
fession to that issued by the su-
perior garrison office at Altona Sat-
urday in announcing the advent of the
new government.

Breslau